

Comprehensive assessment of question paper - Blue Print 2

[Paper - I Development of Sources, Equality (Geography, Economics)]

Marks : 40

Time : 2 hrs 30 min.

Blue Print

	Essay Questions	Short Answer Questions	Very Short Answer Questions	Objective Questions	
No. of Questions	4	6	7	10	Educational Standard
Weightage to Questions	4 mks	2 mks	1 mk	1/2 mk	Total Marks
Educational Standard					
Understanding	1 (4mks)	2 mks (2 x 2 = 4 m)	3 mks (3 x 1 = 3 m)	10 mks (10 x 1/2=5m)	16 mks
Reading the given lesson and comment	1 (4mks)	-	-	-	4 mks
Information skills	1 (4mks)	1 (2mks)	-	-	6 mks
Reflection on contemporary matters - questioning	-	2 (2x2=mks)	-	-	4 mks
Drawing skills	1 (4mks)	-	2	-	4 mks
Appreciation - Sensitivity	-	1 (2 mks)	2 (2x1=2mks)	-	4 mks
Total					40 mks

Summative Evaluation - Model Paper - I

Social Sciences - Paper - I

Development of resources, equality (Geography, Economics)

Marks : 40

Time : 2 hrs 45 min.

I Answer four Essay Type Questions from the following. 4 x 4 = 16 mks
Answer in 12 to 15 sentences.

1. A) Explain the reasons why multinational companies encourage globalisation?

(or)

B) Explain different ranges in Himalayas.

2. A) Read the following paragraph. Write any four key points.

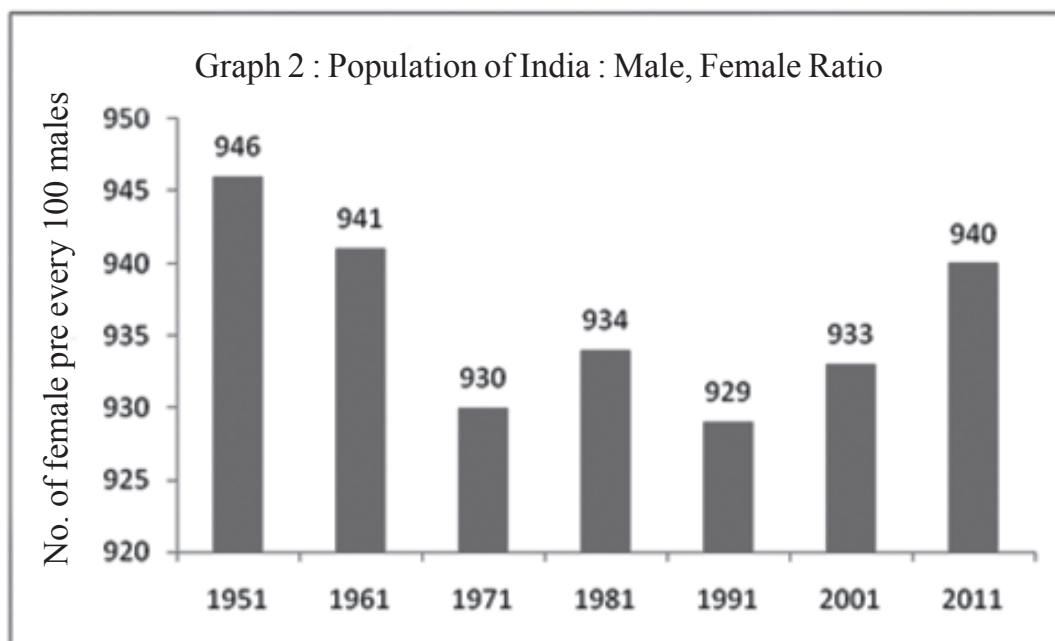
Everybody wants jobs in organised field. But employment opportunities in this field is growing very slow. Result of this is more percentage of labours work in unorganised field for very less salary. Often these people are being exploited. These jobs are not regular also. Often we see the labour working in organised field also lose their jobs. So these people have to work in unorganised field for less salary. That means not only need for more work but security and support should be necessary for labour in unorganised field. (Read the lesson and comment)

(or)

B) Read the following para and comment on climate of India.

Extreme South India is near to equator in Tropic. Because of this reason average temperature in this place is more greater than North. This is one of the reasons that the climate is Kanyakumari is different from Bhopal or Delhi. India is approximately between 8° N - 37°N longitudes. Tropic of Cancer divides India approximately into equal parts. South place to Tropic of Cancer is in Tropical Zone. North place to Tropic of Cancer is in Warm Temperature Zone. (Read the given and comment.)

3. A) Observe the following graph and answer questions. (Information skills)



- Questions :**
1. What do you know from the above graph?
 2. In which year very less male female ration is being recorded?
 3. Ratio of male and female is being counted once in how many years?
 4. How many times the number of female recorded more than 935?

(or)

- B) The following table shows the cultivating land in Million Hectares.

Year	Cultivating area (million Hectares)
1950	120
1960	130
1970	140
1980	140
1990	140
2000	140
2010	140

Basing on the above table write four sentences about the land under cultivation in India.

4. A) Locate the following in the outline map of India. (Drawing Skills)
- 1) Aravali mountains 2) New Delhi 3) Bay of Bengal 4) River Narmada

(or)

- B) Locate the following places in the outline map of Andhra Pradesh.
- 1) Hyderabad 2) Adilabad District 3) Koller Lake 4) River Godavari

II Short Answer Questions.

6 x 2 = 12 mks

Answer the following Six Questions

5. Write differences between Big farmers and small farmers. (Understanding)
6. Explain Public Distribution system. (Understanding)
7. Observe the following information table and prepare a report. (Information skill)

State	Infant deaths per 1000 (2006)	Literacy% (2011)	% of children attending school
Punjab	42	77	76
Himachal Pradesh	36	84	90
Bihar	62	64	56

8. In your opinion what problems be occurred due to more migration of village people of towns. (Reflection to contemporary matters-questioning)
9. Suggest some means/ways to eradicate gender discrimination. (Reflection to contemporary matters-questioning)
10. In what way the organic farming helps in protection of environment. (Appreciative, sensitivity)

III Very Short Answer Questions.

7 x 1 = 7mks

Answer the following questions in 2 or 3 sentences.

11. What are the factors to be considered to compare development of different countries? (understanding)
12. Why Delta places are developed in terms of agriculture/farming? (Understanding)

13. What should be in nutritional food? (Understanding)

* Observe the following questions. (Drawing Skills).



Map 2 : India – north-south, east-west extent and standard meridian

14. Between which latitudes India is expanded?
15. Which country exists to North-West of India? (Drawing Skills)
16. How rivers are useful to Human life? (Appreciative, sensitivity)
17. What factors you want to adopt/implement on food security? (Appreciative, sensitivity)

IV Objective Questions.

10 x ½ = 5 mks

Select the correct answer from the following and write the number in bracket.

18. Indian Standard time is to Greenitch standard time. ()
 1) 5 hrs 2) 6 hrs 3) 4½ hrs 4) 5½ hrs
19. Gender discrimination means ()
 1) Male & Female 2) Inequality of Male and Female
 3) Female 4) Male
20. Which of the following belongs to unorganised field. ()
 1) Banks 2) Govt.Schools
 3) Small farmers family 4) Railways
21. Which of the following have highest temperature? ()
 1) Polar places/zones 2) Tropic Zones
 3) Warm temperature zones 4) Zones away from equator
22. Which of the following river forms unity two rives. ()
 1) Godavari 2) Ganges 3) Brahmaputra 4) Sindhu
23. Brahmaputra river takes birth in of Kylasa mountains. ()
 1) Satapnath 2) Manasa Sarovaram 3) Trayambak 4) Nasik
24. Population in one square kilometer area is called ()
 1) Population 2) Population Density
 3) Population Growh 4) Population Decrease

25. The institutions which control the products of more than one country is called

- | | | |
|----------------------|----------------------------|-----|
| 1) Government Sector | 2) Unorganised sector | () |
| 3) Monopoly Society | 4) Multinational Societies | |

26. Government provides food to people through system. ()

- | | |
|-------------------|------------------------------|
| 1) Private Sector | 2) Public distribution sytem |
| 3) Super Bazar | 4) Multinational system |

27. The objective of chipko revolution started in Uttarakhand is ()

- | | |
|----------------------|----------------------------|
| 1) Forest Protection | 2) Land Protection |
| 3) River Protection | 4) Agriculture development |

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Summative Evaluation - Model Question Paper - 2

[Annual Examinations - Paper - II Contemporary World, India (History - Civics)]

Marks : 40

Time : 2 hrs 30 min.

Blue Print

	Essay Questions	Short Answer Questions	Very Short Answer Questions	Objective Questions	
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Weightage to Questions	4 mks	2 mks	1 mk	1/2 mk	Total Marks
Educational Standard					
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Reading the given lesson and comment	1 (4mks)	-	-	-	4 mks
Information skills	-	1 (2mks)	4 (4x1=4m)	-	6 mks
Reflection on contemporary matters - questioning	1 (4 mks)	-	-	-	4 mks
Drawing skills	1 (4mks)	1 (2 mks)	-	-	6 mks
Appreciation - Sensitivity	-	2 (2 x 2 = 4 m)		-	4 mks
Total					40 mks

Summative Evaluation - Model Question Paper - 2
Annual Examination - Paper - II
Contemporary World, India (History - Civics)

Marks : 40

Time : 2 hrs 30 min.

I Essay Type Questions.

4 x 4 = 16 mks

Answer in 12 to 15 sentences.

1. A) How can you say industrialisation in the reason for modern wars? (un)

(or)

- B) What are the advantages of Lok Adalat ? (commenting)

2. A) Read the following Para and comment on 'Divide and rule of British'.

Britain did not know how to deal with the people who rebel with disappointment. They tried to find ways to command of congress on people and punish that they created doubt that in what way congress has authority to represent people of India. Taking this as chance they implemented/adapted completely. The policy 'Divide and Rule'.

In this direction, British Government began to support the plans of Muslim league and lessening the importance of congress. During this time only Muslim league and M.A. Jinnah played an active role in Public Politics.

(or)

- B) Read the following para and comment on what did constitution for social change/ change of society.

So there are many factors in the constitution to help change in Society. You read about the ban on untouchability. For this the best example is making reservations for schedule cast and schedule tribes in constitution. The developers of constitution believed that giving equal right to vote is not enough to say equal rights to overcome the injustice done to these groups since generations. Special constitutions acts are necessary to encourage their advantages. So to protect their advantages/privileges, many special points like giving reservations in Assembly. Constitution provided opportunities even in public sector jobs for these communities.

3. A) Before independence parties driving away the British is only duty/or work of political parties. Now a days what work is being done by political parties in India?

(Contemporary World - Reflection)

(or)

- B) Mention the actions to be taken to establish peace and relations with neighbouring countries in India.

4. A) Locate the following places in World map. (Drawing Skills)

1) Finland 2) Russia 3) Germany 4) Japan

(or)

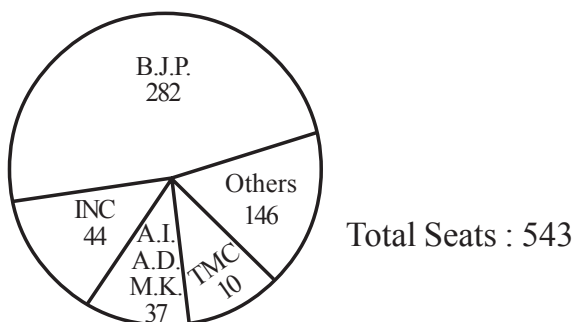
- B) 1) England 2) France 3) United States of America 4) New Delhi

II Short Answer Questions.

6 x 2 = 12 mks

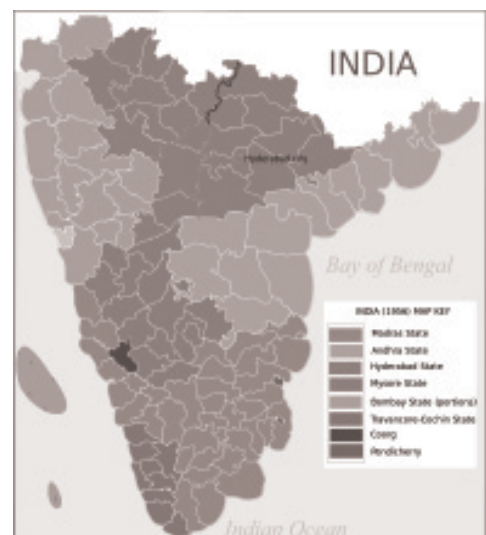
Answer six questions of the following.

5. Mention any four changes in society due to Russian revolution. (Understanding)
6. What is the reason for Indian to join in Indian National Army? (Understanding)
7. Observe the following 'Pie' diagram which represents the number of seats won by different political parties in general elections - 2014 and analyse the strength and weakness of the parties. (Information Skill)



8. Observe the following India map and answer the questions. (Drawing Skills)

- 1) What are the states besides Hyderabad State?
- 2) How many states are there in South Penensulia?



Map 1 : A graphic representation of various regions in the southern peninsula before State reorganisation.

9. How the language method helps in National Integrity?
10. Write any four ideals of UNO? Which you like.

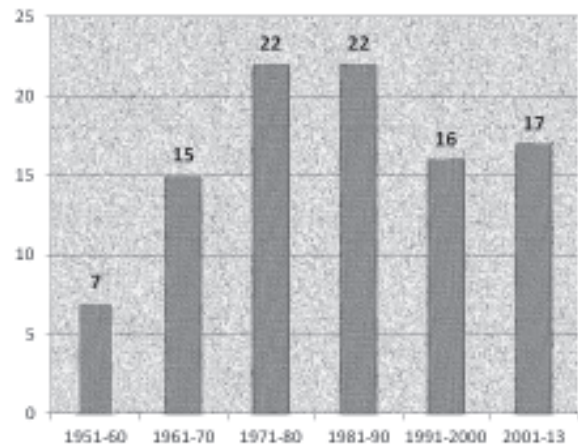
III Very Short Answer Type Questions.

7 x 1 = 7 mks

Answer in 2 or 3 sentences.

11. Under which leadership two countries, remaining countries formed as Union after World Wars? (Understanding)
12. What is meant by
13. During Second World War Atomic bomb was dropped on which two cities of Japan? (understanding)

Observe the following Bar graph and answer the questions. (Information skills)



Graph 1 : Since the Constitution was adopted on 26th January 1950 till 2013 nearly 99 amendments were made.

14. In which year highest amendments were done?
15. How many amendments were done in 1951-60.
16. What is the total number of amendments done from implementation of constitution to 2013?
17. What is meant by constitutional amendment?

IV Objective Questions.

10 x ½ = 5 mks

Write the number in the Bracket which indicates correct answer from the following.

18. From which of the following. Which gives right to know about Govt. information in the form of record ()
 - 1) Right to freedom
 - 2) Right to Information
 - 3) Right to speech
 - 4) Right to print

19. Women in Dubagunta protested against which of the following. ()
1) Drinking Alcohol 2) River project
3) Collection of loans 4) Army action
20. Prime Minister of India who was murdered by Tamil extremists. ()
1) Indira Gandhi 2) Rajiv Gandhi 3) Jawaharlal Nehru 4) Mahatma Gandhi
21. Between which two countries, Mec Mohan line was drawn as border. ()
1) India-Srilanka 2) India-Pakistan 3) India-Nepal 4) India-China
22. Which party defeated congress in 1977 elections and came into power. ()
1) Bharatiya Janata party 2) Janata party
3) Jang Sangh 4) Janata Dal (U)
23. Revolution regarding food is ()
1) Green Revolution 2) Blue Revolution
3) Narmada Bachavo Movement 4) Social Revolution
24. President of Draft constitution of India is ()
1) Jawaharlal Nehru 2) Dr. B.R. Ambedkhar
3) Mahatma Gandhi 4) Balgangadhar Tilak
25. The leader who merged different Samstans in India after independence is()
1) Mahatma Gandhi 2) Jawaharlal Nehur
3) Sardhar Vallabhai Patel 4) B.R. Ambedkhar
26. is called as modern China builder. ()
1) Mavo 2) Gorbachev 3) Briznev 4) Ju-yang
27. Hitler, the Monarch belongs to Country. ()
1) France 2) Italy 3) Germany 4) England

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Summative Evaluation - Model Question Paper - 3

[Paper - II Contemporary World, India (History - Civics)]

Marks : 40

Time : 2 hrs 30 min.

Blue Print

	Essay Questions	Short Answer Questions	Very Short Answer Questions	Objective Questions	
No. of Questions	4	6	7	10	Educational Standard
Weightage to Questions	4 mks	2 mks	1 mk	1/2 mk	Total Marks
Educational Standard					
Understanding	1 (4mks)	2 mks (2 x 2 = 4 m)	3 mks (3 x 1 = 3 m)	10 mks (10 x 1/2=5m)	16 mks
Reading the given lesson and comment	-	2 mks (2 x 2 = 4 m)	-	-	4 mks
Information skills	1 (4 mks)	-	2 (2x1=2m)	-	6 mks
Reflection on contemporary matters - questioning	1 (4 mks)	-	-	-	4 mks
Drawing skills	1 (4mks)	1 (2 mks)	-	-	6 mks
Appreciation - Sensitivity	-	2 (2 x 2 = 4 m)		-	4 mks
Total					40 mks

Summative Evaluation - Model Question Paper - 3

Paper - II

Contemporary World, India (History - Civics)

Marks : 40

Time : 2 hrs 30 min.

I Essay Type Questions.

4 x 4 = 16 mks

1. A) Explain Right to Information Act.

(or)

- B) Why protect against Hindi started? What are consequences of this?

2. A) Observe the following graph and answer the questions.

- 1) What do you know from the above graph?

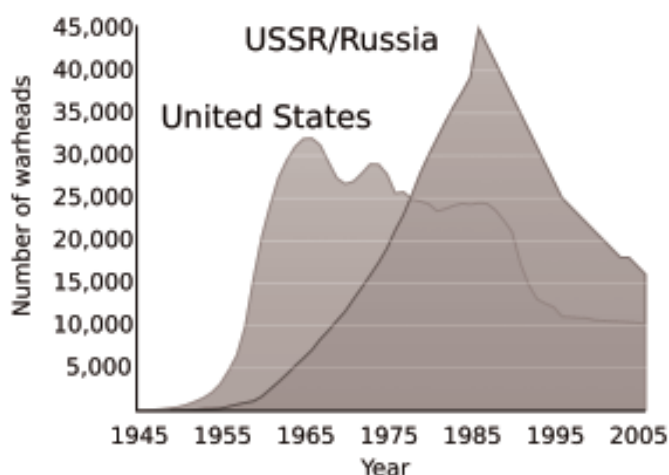
- 2) Which year the weapons were being prepared in large number.

- 3) Why the expense on soldiers increased for every 10 years?

- 4) What are the countries spend more money on weapons.

(or)

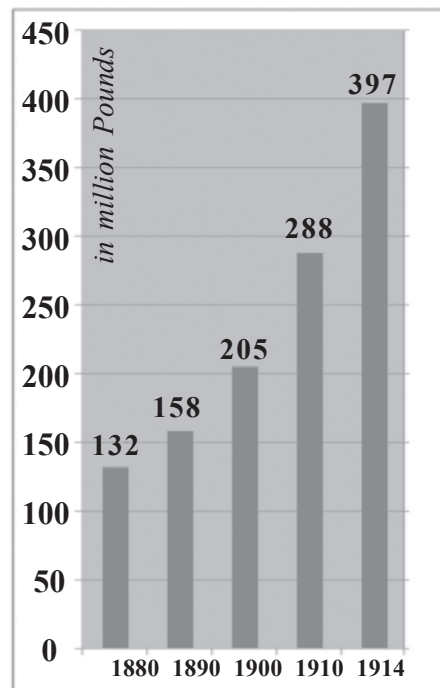
- B) Observe the following graph and write answers.



Graph 1 : US and USSR nuclear stockpiles

- 3) What may be the reason in decrease of atomic weapons storages?

Graph 2 : The Armaments Race



Military expenditure by great powers (Germany, Austria-Hungary, Great Britain, Russia, Italy and France 1880-1914 (source The Times Atlas of World History, London 1978)

- 1) What indicates the above graph?
2) Which country is storming atomic weapons in large?

- 4) Why the completion in atomic weapons started between America and Russia after 1945?
3. A) India did not join any ride of the Super Powers. It adopted Non-Alignment movement. With this what advantages gain by India. Write your responses ?

(or)

- B) Do you think that India was divided into two and forming of Pakistan in correct? why?
4. A) Locate the following countries in World map.
- 1) Germany 2) Pakistan 3) China 4) South Africa

(or)

- B) 1) France 2) Russia 3) India 4) Italy

II Short Answer Questions.

6 x 2 = 12 mks

Answer the following questions in 5 or 6 sentences.

5. Mention any four specialities of Indian Society System.
6. Read the following lesson and write four sentences in your own words about what you have understood.

There is no doubt that the former years played deciding role in history of after independence of India. The main challenges before the leadership of the country are unity of country, protections integrity, to bring social, ecomical changes, to make the democratic system to work. These problems are co-related to one another can should be taken that balance should not be hurt. For example objectives of development, unity of country, integrity should not be achieved at the lost of democracy.

7. Read the following and comment on congress leadership.

Changing of chief ministers ofter and appointing leaders forcibly by central leadership to congress was not being liked by people of Andhra Pradesh. They began to feel that the National Congress leadership is not giving enough respect to leaders of Andhra Pradesh. The felt that self-respect of Telugu people was being insulted. Popular film actor N.T. Rama Rao took up this print/matter. He founded Telugu Desam Party in 1982 on his 60th birthday. He declared that Telugu Desam party will work hard for self-respect of telugu people. He argued that state should not be considered as the lower stage office of the congress party.

8. Observe the following map and answer the questions.

Map 1 : Area Under Japanese Control 1942



- 1) Mention any two countries which are not in control of Japan.
- 2) Mention two places which are in control of West side of Japan.
9. Write any four characteristics of Mahatma Gandhi which you like.
10. You want to tell consequences of wars to people. Mention four prints in the poster which you prepare.

III Very Short Answer Questions.

7 x 1 = 7 mks

Answer in 2 or 3 sentences.

11. Write the objectives of Narmada Bachao protest in two sentences.
12. Mention any one of the advantages/uses of Lok Adalat.
13. Who is the first Prime Minister of Independent India.
14. Who merged different Samstans in India?
15. Which country tried to get authority on South-east Asia?

16. Observe the follow Time table and answer the questions.

కాలపట్టిక - II

Proclamation of the Weimar Republic.	• 1919, 11, 11
Hitler becomes Chancellor of Germany.	• January 30, 1933
Germany invades Poland. Beginning of the Second World War.	• Sept. 1, 1939
Germany invades the USSR.	• June 22, 1941
Mass murder of the Jews begins.	• June 23, 1941
The United States joins Second World War.	• Dec. 8, 1941
Soviet troops liberate Auschwitz.	• Jan. 27, 1945
Allied victory in Europe.	• May 8, 1945

16. With which second world war started?

17. On behalf of which country Hitler fought ?

IV Objective Questions.

10 x ½ = 5 mks

Write the number which indicates correct answer in the bracket.

18. Which of the following country competed to get authority/power on world. ()

1) India 2) Germany 3) South Africa 4) Korea

19. Period of First World War. ()

1) 1914-1918 2) 1914-1919 3) 1939-1949 4) 1939-1945

20. Jarnikolas II was king of this country. ()
1) Japan 2) China 3) Koria 4) Russia
21. Nizerians protested/tought against whom of this following. ()
1) French 2) Duch 3) Britishers 4) Americans
22. Which institution is fighting for the unity of Hindus. ()
1) Congress 2) Muslim league 3) RSS 4) Lok Satta
23. The first Non-Congress Prime Minister of India ()
1) Atal Bihari Vajpayee 2) Murarji Desay
3) Deva Gowda 4) I.K. Gujral
24. Telugu Desam Party founded in State. ()
1) Andhra Pradesh 2) Karnataka 3) Tamilnadu 4) Odisa
25. Indian Prime Minister who was murdered by LTTE is ()
1) Indian Janata Party 2) Congress
3) Jansangh 4) Independent Party
26. The first person who entered into space is ()
1) Uri Gagrin 2) Neel Armstrong 3) Right Brothers 4) Kalpana Chawla
27. The country which was liberated from Pakistan by Indian Army in 1972 is
1) Pakistan 2) Bangladesh 3) Burma 4) Koria

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Summative Evaluation - Model Paper - 4

Social Sciences - Paper - I

Development of resources, equality (Geography, Economics)

Marks : 40

Time : 2 hrs 45 min.

I Essay Type Questions.

4 x 4 = 16 mks

Answer the following four essay type questions in 12 to 15 sentences.

1. A) Write reasons for less population density in North-east states. (und)
(or)
B) 'Development of a country means development of Humans' - Write an Essay supporting this statement. (und)
2. A) Explain procedure of entering monsoons in India? (und)
(or)
B) Write how the availability of food is in India? (und)
3. A) Gayatri can dig well for irrigation to field if government spend or Banks give loan. Gayathri can cultivate wheat as second crop through this irrigation. Two people can get employment/work for 50 days in cultivation of 2.5 acres land (seeding, giving water, applying fertilizers and raping etc.) That means two people can get employment from the land she had. It we assume that dam was constructed and provided water irrigation by digging canals to many farmers fields like this. Through this employment opportunities will be available in agriculture sector and less employment problem will decreased to some extent.

Question : Comment on how to decrease village poverty in agricultural sector.

(or)

- B) Laws on ground water are not suitable today's situations. The lapse or lacuna in this is relating right to ground water with right to land. These rules were developed becames ground water has to be procured from land. It was felt that owner of land has right on water procured from ground. That means that people who are having land only have the right to on ground water. There was no limit on how much water could be procured.

Question : Suggest important regulations in the laws an usage of ground water.

4. A) Statistics reveal that more female foeticide are happening in India. Give reasons why it is happening like this?

(or)

B) Discuss the problems of migrated families children in going to school?

II Short Answer Questions.

6 x 2 = 2 mks

Answer the following six questions in 5 or 6 sentences.

5. Write about World Trade Organisation.
6. Explain why habitations change?
- 7.

Table 6 . Progress in Himachal Pradesh

	Himachal Pradesh		India	
	1993	2006	1993	2006
% of girl children who went to school more than 5 years (more than 6yrs age)	39	60	28	40
% of Boys who went to school more than 5 years (more than 6 yrs age)	57	75	51	57

Observe the above table and answer the following quetions.

- A) Which place is in front line in educational sector?
- B) To which you all allot first place in development?
8. In 1500 year World Population is 458 millions, in Eurpoe 84 mil. Asia Population in 1900 is 1650 mil. and in 2012 1052 mil; In 2050 Population of Africa is 1766 mil and of Asia is 5255 mil. In 1500, Population of Africa is 86 and Asia is 243 mil, and Asia 243 mil. In 1900, the population of Europe-Africa are 408 mil and 133 mil. In 2050 population of World is 8909 mil. In 2050 population of Europe is 628 mil. In 2012, 740 mil. In 1900, Population of Asia is 4250 mil, In 1900, Population is 947 mil, In 2012. Population of Africa is 1,052 mil.

Question : Fill the following table with above statistics.

Place/Year	1500	1900	2012	2050
World				
Africa				
Asia				
Europe				

9. Locate the following in India Map.

1) Himalayas 2) Indian Ocean 3) Deccan Plateau 4) Thar Desert



10. Dam constructions which are famous as modern temples now a days causing critical consequences between regions. Write about the attitude of governments in these construction.

III Very Short Answer Questions.

7 x 1 = 7 mks

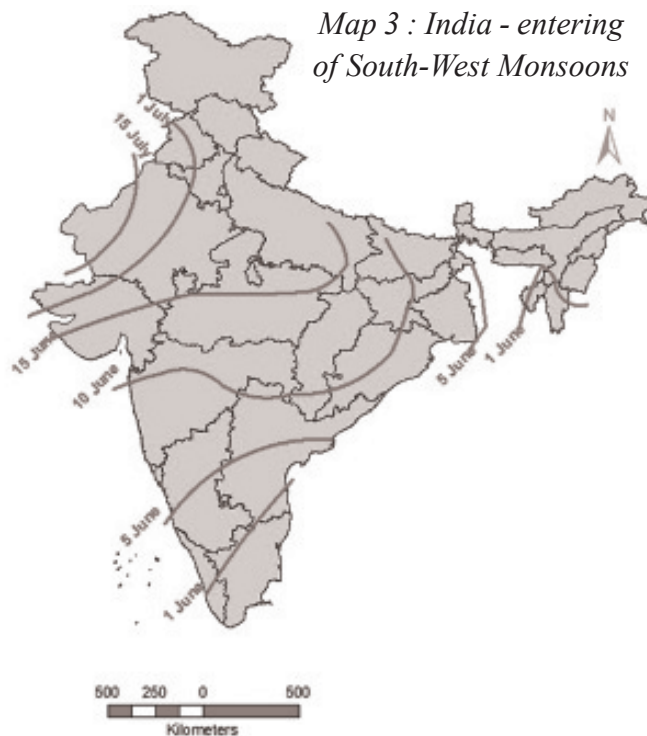
11. The effect of globalisation is not similar on producers and workers. How?
12. In a country or region the change in number of people in stipulated period for example 10 years is called the change in population. How you express/indicate this change?
13. Observe the following table and answer the questions.

Traditional Indian Seasons		
Seasons	Months According to the Indian (lunar) calendar	Months According to the Western (solar) calendar
Vasantha	Chaitra – Vaishakha	March – April
Grishma	Jyestha – Ashadha	May – June
Varsha	Sraavana – Bhadra	July – August
Sharad	Aswayuja – Karthika	September – October
Hemanta	Margashira – Pushya	November – December
Shishira	Magha – Phalguna	January – February

Question : In which months rain comes in India?

14. Today raids are being increased to go women so they feel insecure to go out for employment. What way/means you suggest to create protective atmosphere with security?
15. India - entering South-West Monsoons Map.

In which State South-Wese Monssons enter first in India.



16. In which State there is no effect of South-West monsoons in India?

17. 'Literacy is key in progress of Social and economy' - What do you say about this?

IV Objective Questions.

10 x ½ = 5 mks

18. Total Value of service on goods produced in India is ()

- 1) GDP 2) NDP 3) GNP 4) NNP

19. Which of the following sentence is wrong. ()

- 1) Tropical regions are nearer to equator.
2) South region to tropic of cancer is in hot tropic region.
3) Temperatures of earth surface depends on sun.
4) Average temperatures increase as going to poles.

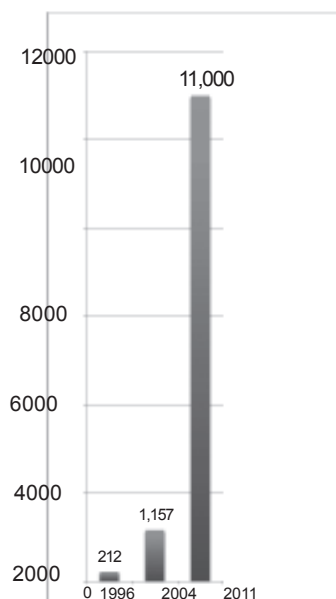
20. IPCC - means ()

- 1) International Police system
2) International system formed on changes in climate.
3) System formed on coastal regions of international seas/oceans.
4) System formed internationally on international agricultural development.

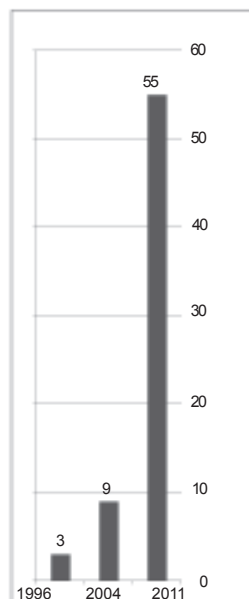
21. Minimum support price-means ()

- 1) Cost paid by consumers
2) Cost paid by farmers to buy fertilizers.
3) Cost paid by government to buy products of farmers.
4) Cost paid by whole sale businessmen and broakers to the products of farmers.

22. Graph 12.2 Total wealth of 100 crorepati in India (in Billions rupees)



Graph 12.3 Increase in number of 100 crorepati in India (Billionaires)



Answer the following questions (22, 23) with the help of graph.

22. What is the increase in number of Billionaires from 2004 to 2011. ()

- 1) 9 2) 12 3) 55 4) 46

23. What indicates the increase in Billionaires in 2011. ()

- 1) Decrease in number of poor.
 2) Decrease in inequality of income
 3) Economic development of country
 4) Increase in number of rich/crorepati

24. Reason for Government supplied food grains not reaching to people below poverty line. ()

- 1) Faults in Public distribution system
 2) No sufficient supervision of Government
 3) Corruption - Black marketing
 4) All the above

25. What reason do you think for increase in urbanisation in recent time. ()

- 1) Increase in comforts in towns than villages.
- 2) Migration of villagers to towns for education and employment.
- 3) Lack of employment, medical, education opportunities in villages.
- 4) People show interest in living in towns.

26. You have more storage of food grain. If famine comes what do you do. ()

- 1) Too many food grains will be bought and store.
- 2) Try to sell your storage for high cost.
- 3) Write a letter to government for help.
- 4) Distribute to people who have no storage after completion of my needs. ()

27. How do you decide the nativity of a person.

- 1) According to birth place.
- 2) According to birth place of parents.
- 3) According to deciding time.
- 4) Above all

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